#### Auditing Procedures Report V1.04





Issued under Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended					
Unit Name Village of Freeport	County BARRY	Туре V	'ILLAGE	MuniCode	08-3-010
Opinion Date-Use Calendar Jun 5, 2008	Audit Submitted-Use Calendar Aug 6, 2008		Fiscal Year-Use Drop	List	2008

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Place a check next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answer "No"

"No	".	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••							
X		Are all required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the orting entity notes to the financial statements?							
X	2.	Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?							
Π	3. Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?								
X	4. Is this unit in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury?								
X	5. Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required funds?								
X	6.	Was a public hearing on the budget held in accordance with State statute?							
X		Is the local unit in compliance with the Revised Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, dother guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division?							
X	8. pro	Has the local unit distributed tax revenues, that were collected for another taxing unit, timely as required by the general perty tax act?							
X	9.	Do all deposits/investments comply with statutory requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?							
X	10. Loc	Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of cal Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)							
X	bee	Is the unit free of any indications of fraud or illegal acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not en previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate report der separate cover.)							
[	12.	Is the local unit free of repeated reported deficiencies from previous years?							
X	13.	Is the audit opinion unqualified?  14. If not, what type of opinion is it? NA							
X	15.	Has the local unit complied with GASB 34 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)?							
X	16.	Has the board or council approved all disbursements prior to payment as required by charter or statute?							
X	17.	To your knowledge, were the bank reconciliations that were reviewed performed timely?							
X	18.	Are there reported deficiencies?							

General Fund Revenue:	\$ 157,397.00
General Fund Expenditure:	\$ 147,636.00
Major Fund Deficit Amount:	\$ 0.00

General Fund Balance:	\$ 57,003.00
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (see instructions):	\$ 0.00

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (Reported deviations).

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VILLAGE OF FREEPORT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended February 29, 2008

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Village Council Village of Freeport Barry County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Freeport, Michigan, as of and for the year ended February 29, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Freeport, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Freeport, Michigan, as of February 29, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 5, 2008, on our consideration of the Village of Freeport, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The required supplementary information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The accompanying financial statements do not present a management's discussion and analysis, which would be an analysis of the financial performance for the year. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that this analysis is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Freeport's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of the Village of Freeport, Michigan. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Hastings, Michigan June 5, 2008

Walter. Fune & Shaden, PLC

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS February 29, 2008

**Primary Government** Governmental **Business-Type ASSETS Activities Activities** Total Cash and Cash Equivalents 102,055 79,182 181,237 Investments 1,822 1,822 Receivables (Net) Taxes - Delinquent 9,226 9.226 Accounts 3,498 20,883 24,381 **Due From State** 21,223 21,223 Due From Other Funds 8,422 8,422 Internal Balances (14,075)14,075 **Restricted Assets** 25,213 25,213 Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) 115,767 1,184,515 1,300,282 247,938 1,323,868 **Total Assets** 1,571,806 **LIABILITIES** Accounts Payable 2,192 2,192 Accrued Liabilities 15,194 15,194 Due to Other Funds 6,492 397 6,889 **Noncurrent Liabilities** Due Within One Year 10,000 10,000 Due In More Than One Year 836,000 836,000 **Total Liabilities** 8,684 861,591 870,275 **NET ASSETS Net Assets** Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 115,767 338,515 454,282 Restricted for Debt Service 15,407 15,407 Restricted for Capital Projects 9,806 9,806 123,487 Unrestricted 98,549 222,036

239,254

462,277

701,531

**Total Net Assets** 

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES February 29, 2008

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities					
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities									
Legislative	\$ 3,994	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,994)	\$ -	\$ (3,994)			
General Government	56,525	4,608	2,345	(49,572)	-	(49,572)			
Public Safety	45,888	· <u>-</u>	13,375	(32,513)	_	(32,513)			
Public Works	79,252	_	56,775	(22,477)	-	(22,477)			
Recreational and Cultural	10,315	_	-	(10,315)	_	(10,315)			
Other	14,067	-	-	(14,067)	_	(14,067)			
Total Governmental Activities	210,041	4,608	72,495	(132,938)		(132,938)			
Business-type Activities									
Water	76,020	111,166	-	-	35,146	35,146			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	35,026			<u>-</u>	(35,026)	(35,026)			
Total Business-type Activities	111,046	111,166			120	120			
Total Primary Government	\$ 321,087	<u>\$ 115,774</u>	\$ 72,495	(132,938)	120	(132,818)			
General Revenues									
Taxes and Penalties				75,985	_	75,985			
Licenses and Permits				676	•	676			
State Grants				38,577	-	38,577			
Investment Income				9,117	1,862	10,979			
Other				6,780	•	6,780			
Total General Revenue				131,135	1,862	132,997			
Gain on Disposal of Asset				1,012	-	1,012			
Change in Net Assets				(791)	1,982	1,191			
Net Assets-Beginning				240,045	460,295	700,340			
Net Assets-Ending				\$ 239,254	\$ 462,277	\$ 701,531			

#### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT GOVERNMENT FUND BALANCE SHEET February 29, 2008

				Major		Local	Gov	Total Governmental		
ASSETS	General			Streets		streets		Funds		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	49,955	\$	40,441	\$	11,659	\$	102,055		
Investments		1,822		•		-		1,822		
Receivables										
Taxes - Delinquent		9,226		-		-		9,226		
Other		3,498		-		-		3,498		
Due From State		12,260		6,874		2,089		21,223		
Due From Other Funds		1,866	_	6,122	•	434		8,422		
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	78,627	\$	53,437	<u>\$</u>	14,182		146,246		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	2,192	\$	-	\$	-		2,192		
Due to Other Funds		19,432		787		348		20,567		
Total Liabilities		21,624		787		348		22,759		
Fund Balances										
Reserved		-		-		-		-		
Designated		_		-		-		_		
Unreserved-Undesignated		57,003		52,650		13,834	•	123,487		
Total Fund Balances	_	57,003		52,650		13,834		123,487		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	78,627	<u>\$</u>	53,437	<u>\$</u>	14,182				

### Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund's Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds

Governmental capital assets	209,762		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	93,995		115,767
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities a current period and therefore are not reported in the		•	<u>-</u>
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	239,254

# VILLAGE OF FREEPORT GOVERNMENT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

	<u>G</u>	eneral .		Major Streets	Local Streets	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes and Penalties	\$	76,018	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 76,018
Licenses and Permits		676		<b>-</b>	-	676
State Grants		38,577		38,268	11,628	88,473
Charges for Services		4,608		-	-	4,608
Fines and Forfeitures				-	-	-
Interest and Rentals		8,139		721	257	9,117
Other Revenue		29,379		<del></del>		29,379
Total Revenues		157,397	<del></del>	38,989	11,885	208,271
Expenditures						
Current						
Legislative		3,994		-	-	3,994
General Government		55,222		-	-	55,222
Public Safety		45,502		-	-	45,502
Public Works		9,148		41,535	18,062	68,745
Recreation and Cultural		8,995		-	-	8,995
Other		14,067		-	-	14,067
Debt Service		8,912		-	-	8,912
Capital Outlay		<u>1,796</u>		<u>-</u>		1,796
Total Expenditures		147,636		41,535	18,062	207,233
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures		9,761		(2,546)	(6,177)	1,038
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of Fixed Assets		2,346		<u>-</u>		2,346
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,346		-		2,346
Excess of Revenues and Other Source Over (Under) Expenditures	s					
and Other Uses		12,107	<u> </u>	(2,546)	(6,177)	3,384
Fund Balance-March 1, 2007		44,896		55,196	20,011	120,103
Taile Dalailos Ivial OH 1, 2007	<del>~</del>	- <del>11,000</del>		30,130		120,103
Fund Balance-February 29, 2008	\$	57,003	<u>\$</u>	52,650	\$ 13,834	\$ 123,487

#### **VILLAGE OF FREEPORT**

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	3,384
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources are ne reported as revenues in the funds	ot	(33)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the		
statement of activities (where it reduces debt)		8,912
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives		
Expenditures for capital assets 1,796		
Less: Current year depreciation 13,516		
Less: Proceeds from Disposal of Capital Assets 2,346		
Add: Gain from Disposal of Capital Assets		(13,054)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Funds Activities	\$	(791)

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS February 29, 2008

	Enterprise Fund Water	
ACCETC	System	Total
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 79,182	\$ 79,182
Receivables (Net)		
Accounts	20,883	20,883
Due from Other Funds	14,075	14,075
Restricted Assets	25,213	25,213
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	1,184,515	<u>1,184,515</u>
Total Assets	\$ 1,323,868	\$ 1,323,868
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities		
Accrued Liabilities	<b>\$ 1</b> 5,194	\$ 15,194
Due to Other Funds	397	397
Bonds Payable	846,000	846,000
Total Liabilities	861,591	861,591
Net Assets		
Net Assets		
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	338,515	338,515
Restricted for Debt Service	15,407	15,407
Restricted for Capital Projects	9,806	9,806
Unrestricted	98,549	98,549
Total Net Assets	462,277	462,277
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<b>\$ 1,323,868</b>	\$ 1,323,868

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

	Enterprise Fund	_
	Water	Total
	System	- IOIAI
Operating Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 110,871	\$ 110,871
Other Operating Revenue	295	295
Total Operating Revenues	111,166	111,166
Operating Expenses		
Administration	1,148	1,148
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	16,279	16,279
Supplies	5,862	5,862
Contractual Services	442	442
Maintenance and Repairs	1,588	1,588
Miscellaneous	490	490
Depreciation	37,191	37,191
Bank Fees	180	180
Transportation	146	146
Printing and Publishing	453	453
Telephone	521	521
Utilities	3,762	3,762
Equipment Rental	2,000	2,000
Memberships and Dues	640	640
Insurance and Bonds	3,853	3,853
Water Testing	1,465	1,465
Total Operating Expenses	76,020	76,020
Operating Income	35,146	35,146
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest Earned on Investments	1,862	1,862
Interest Expense	(35,026)	(35,026)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(33,164)	(33,164)
Change in Net Assets	1,982	1,982
Net Assets-March 1, 2007	460,295	460,295
Net Assets-February 29, 2008	\$ 462,277	\$ 462,277

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

	Enterprise Fund Water System	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash Charges for Services	\$ 112,046	\$ 112,046
Other Operating Revenue	295	295
Administrative Costs	(1,148)	(1,148)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(16,279)	(16,279)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(29,957)	(29,957)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	64,957	64,957
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Payment of Principal	(9,000)	(9,000)
Payment of Interest	(35,026)	(35,026)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related		
Financing Activities	(44,026)	(44,026)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Interest Earned on Cash Equivalents and Investments Purchase of Fixed Assets	1,862	1,862
Purchase of Fixed Assets	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,862	1,862
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	22,793	22,793
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year		
(Including \$15,075 in restricted accounts)	<u>81,602</u>	81,602
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year	•	•
(Including \$25,213 in restricted accounts)	<u>\$ 104,395</u>	<u>\$ 104,395</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 35,146	\$ 35,146
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net		
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	37,191	37,191
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	1,175	1,175
Decrease (Increase) in Due From Other Funds	(8,555)	(8,555)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 64,957	\$ 64,957

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS February 29, 2008

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ASSETS	Trust and Agency		
Current Assets			
Current Assets	Φ 0.000		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,363		
Due From Other Funds	409		
Total Assets	\$ 6,772		
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Due to Other Funds	\$ 1,942		
Accrued Liabilities	4,830		
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 6,772</u>		

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of the Village of Freeport conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Village of Freeport:

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The Village of Freeport was organized in 1895. The Village operates under an elected council of six members and provides services to its residents in many areas including police protection, maintenance of Village Streets and other property, water and general Village administration. Education services are provided to citizens through several local school districts, which are separate governmental entities. Fire and ambulance service is provided by outside independently owned entities. The Village is assessed for its respective share of the expenditures.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual; therefore, they have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the Village.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

<u>Taxes Receivable</u> - The Village property tax is levied on each July 1<sup>st</sup> based on the taxable valuation of property located in the Village as of the preceding December 31<sup>st</sup>.

It is the Village's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2007 State taxable valuation of the Village totaled \$9,294,529 on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 7.8987 mills for Village operating purposes raising \$75,248. The amounts recognized in the General Fund financial statements as current property tax revenue represent 2007 taxes. The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources
  of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues
  are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.
- The Major Street Fund accounts for the maintenance of all major streets and trunk lines.
   Financing is provided by special revenues from provisions of Act 51 of 1951 as amended.
- The Local Street Fund accounts for the maintenance of all local streets. Financing is provided by special revenues from provisions of Act 51 of 1951 as amended.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water supply system, capital
additions, and retirement of revenue bonds. Financing is provided by user charges and
contributions by other funds and customers.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The Trust and Agency Fund accounts for the assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or
as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.
Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of
results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitations. The Village has elected not to follow private-sector standards.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

### MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering products in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. The water fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current cost (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

#### ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each July 1<sup>st</sup> based on the taxable valuation of property located in the Village as of the preceding December 31<sup>st</sup>. These taxes are due on August 31 with the final collection date of September 15. After that date, they are added to the county's delinquent tax rolls.

The delinquent real property taxes of the Village are purchased by Barry County.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The Village does not have any reservations or designations of fund balance.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - The Village has restricted assets for debt and capital assets. The Village Council cannot change the amounts restricted and cannot spend the restricted funds for any other purpose. The revenue bonds of the enterprise funds require amounts to be set aside for debt service principal and interest, a bond reserve and capital projects. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

<u>Retained Earnings Reserve</u> - In the Water System fund, certain amounts of the retained earnings are reserved for bond and interest redemption and capital projects. The amounts of the reserves are established by bond ordinances. Any use of the reserve balances would be a violation of the bond ordinances.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 for equipment and \$1,000 for improvements and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

General Assets	
Buildings	40 years
Land Improvements	20 years
Furniture	10 years
Equipment	7 years

Data Processing Equipment 5 years
Distribution System 30 to 50 years

Infrastructure Assets

Consum Assista

Road 8 to 30 years
Bridges 12 to 50 years
Drains, Curbs, Gutters 8 to 40 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - Vacation pay is earned by all employees with at least twenty regularly scheduled hours each week. The amount of vacation pay earned is determined according to the length of their employment and is available for use in the year following its accrual. Vacation time is paid at the employee's current pay rate and must be used in the year available. The Village has no liability for unused vacation pay since all vacation leave is used or lost if not taken each year.

Sick leave benefits are earned by all employees except elected officials with at least one month of service. The amount of sick leave benefits earned is six days per calendar year. Sick time is paid at the employees current pay rate and must be used in the year available. Sick leave benefits will not be paid upon termination of employment. No provision has been made in the financial statements for unused sick leave.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. This basis is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all required governmental fund types. The Village Boards prepares the annual budgets prior to February 29. A Public Hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The budget documents present information by fund, function, department and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level for the general fund and the fund level for major and local streets.

#### **EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETED FUNDS**

P.A. 621 of 1978, section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

During the year ended February 29, 2008, the Village incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds, which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

FUND	BUDGETAPPROPRIATION		ACTUAL EXPENDITURE		BUDGET VARIANCE	
General	 					
Legislative	\$ 3,800	\$	3,994	\$	194	
General Government:			·	-		
Treasurer	\$ 5,000	\$	5,107	\$	107	
Cemetery	\$ 9,100	\$	11,105	\$	2,005	
Public Safety:			·	·	•	
Police	\$ 35,800	\$	37,255	\$	1,455	
Fire	\$ 7,000	\$	7.500	\$	500	
Public Works:				·		
Street Lighting	\$ 8,710	\$	9,148	\$	438	
Other:	·		•	·		
Insurance and Bonds	\$ 12,300	\$	14,067	\$	1,767	
Major Streets	\$ 31,000	\$	41,535	\$	10,535	

#### **ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Village of Freeport.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated by two standard rating agencies within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Village has designated two banks for the deposit of the Village of Freeport funds.

The Village's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

At year-end, the Village's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

categories.	/ERNMENTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES		FIDUCIARY FUNDS		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted Assets	\$  102,055 1,822	\$	79,182 - 25,213	<b>\$</b>	6,363 - 	<b>\$</b>	187,600 1,822 25,213	
Total	\$ 103,877	\$	104,395	<u>\$</u>	6,363	<u>\$</u>	214,635	

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	-	RIMARY /ERNMENT
Bank Deposits (Checking and Savings Accounts, Certificates of Deposit)	\$	214,635
Investment in Securities (Mutual Funds and Similar Vehicles)		-
Petty Cash and Cash on Hand		•
Total	<u>\$</u>	214,635

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the Village will not be able to recover its deposits in the event of financial institution failure. The Village's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by federal depository insurance and are uncollateralized. At February 29, 2008, the Village had deposits with a carrying amount of \$214,635 and a bank balance of \$231,122. Of the bank balance, \$205,850 is covered by federal depository insurance, \$25,272 is uninsured and \$0 is collateralized. The Village believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of the FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Village evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
Governmental Activities		<u> </u>		
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	<u>\$ 14,500</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 14,500
Subtotal	14,500	<u> </u>		14,500
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	70,128	1,796	-	71,924
Land Improvements	26,974	•	_	26,974
Equipment	100,044	•	5,175	94,869
Data Processing Equipment	1,495			1,495
Subtotal	198,641	1,796	5,175	195,262
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	24,478	1,403	-	25,881
Land Improvements	5,429	1,146	-	6,575
Equipment	52,992	10,967	3,841	60,118
Data Processing Equipment	1,421			1,421
Subtotal	84,320	13,516	3,841	93,995
Net Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	114,321	(11,720)	1,334	101,267
Governmental Activities Total Capital Assets-Net of				
Depreciation	<b>\$</b> 128,821	<b>\$</b> (11,720)	\$ 1,334	<b>\$</b> 115,767

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS** (Continued)

	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Lanu	<u>Ψ – </u>	<u> </u>	Ψ	<u>. Ψ</u>
Subtotal			<u> </u>	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Equipment	20,823	-	-	20,823
Water System	1,355,719	<u> </u>		1,355,719
Subtotal	1,376,542			1,376,542
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Equipment	920	2,975	-	3,895
Water System	153,916	34,216	-	188,132
Subtotal	154,836	37,191		192,027
Net Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	1,221,706	(37,191)	_	1,184,515
Business-Type Activities Total				
Capital Assets-Net of			_	
Depreciation	<b>\$ 1,221,706</b>	<u>\$ (37,191</u> )	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,184,515</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to p	rograms of the Vill	age as follows:		
Governmental Activities				
General Government		\$ 1,303		
Public Safety		386		
Public Works		10,507		
Recreation and Cultural		1,320		
Total Government Activities		<u>\$ 13,516</u>		
Business-Type Activities				
Water		<b>\$</b> 37,191		
		e 27.404		
Total Business-Type Activities		<u>\$ 37,191</u>		

#### **INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS**

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

FUND	RECEIVABLES		FUND RECEIVABLES		FUND	PA	YABLES
General Major Street Local Streets Water System Payroll	\$	1,866 6,122 434 14,075 409	General Major Street Local Streets Water System Payroll	\$	19,432 787 348 397 1,942		
	\$	22,906		\$	22,906		

The interfund receivables and payables represent money owed to other funds for expenses paid on behalf of the corresponding fund.

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the district) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

The following is a summary of the debt outstanding of the Village of Freeport as of February 29, 2008:

	INTEREST RATE	PRINCIPAL MATURES	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITION (REDUCTIONS)	ENDING BALANCE	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Primary Government						
Governmental Activities						
Other Liabilities						
Backhoe	4.750%	2008	\$ 8,912	\$ (8,912)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Business-Type Activities						
Revenue Bonds						
Water System-2005	4.125%	2046	\$ 842,000	\$ (8,000)	\$ 834,000	\$ 9,000
Water System-2005	4.125%	2036	13,000	(1,000)	12,000	1,000
Total Business-Type Activities			\$ 855,000	\$ (9,000)	\$ 846,000	\$ 10,000

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on long-term bonds outstanding for the primary government are as follows:

	Governmental Activites			<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Year End February 28	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2009	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,000	\$	34,691
2010		-		-		10,000		34,279
2011		-		-		11,000		33,846
2012		-		-		11,000		33,393
2013		-		-		12,000		32,918
2014-2018		-		-		67,000		156,730
2019-2023		-		-		72,000		142,395
2024-2028		-		-		88,000		125,895
2029-2033		-		-		110,000		105,601
2034-2038		-		-		142,000		80,068
2039-2043		•		-		184,000		46,201
2044-2046		<u>-</u>				129,000		8,147
Total	\$	•	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	846,000	\$	834,164

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village manages its risk exposure and provides certain employee benefits thorough a combination of risk management pools and commercial insurance.

The Village participates in the Michigan Municipal League for general and automobile liability, motor vehicle physical damage, property damage, and workers compensation coverages. The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool were established pursuant to laws of the State of Michigan which authorizes local units of government to jointly exercise any power, privilege or authority which each might exercise separately. The purpose of the pool is to jointly exercise powers common to each participating member to establish and administer a risk management program; to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty losses occurring in the operation of its members; and to defend and protect any member of the authority against liability or loss.

The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool, while it operates under the Michigan Legislation of Public Act 138, does not operate as a risk pool due to a total transfer of risk to reinsurance companies backing the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool. Due to this reinsurance purchase, there is no pooling of risk between members.

The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool chose to adopt the forms and endorsements of conventional insurance protection and to reinsure these coverages 100%, rather than utilize a risk pool of member funds to pay individual and collective losses up to a given retention, and then have reinsurance above that retention amount.

The individual members are responsible for their self-retention amounts (deductibles) that vary from member to member.

The Village also provides employee benefits through the Michigan Municipal League with programs underwritten by commercial insurance carriers.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

At February 29, 2008, there were no claims, which exceeded insurance coverage. The Village had no significant reduction in insurance coverage from previous years.

## VILLAGE OF FREEPORT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

	ORIGINAL AMENDED BUDGET BUDGET			ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET		
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$	44,896	\$	44,896	\$	44,896	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)								
Taxes and Penalties		64,378		73,578		76,018		2,440
Licenses and Permits		700		700		676		(24)
State Grants		39,600		39,600		38,577		(1,023)
Charges for Services		3,240		3,340		4,608		1,268
Interest and Rentals		22,586		18,911		8,139		(10,772)
Other Revenue	<del></del>	17,800		18,700		29,379		10,679
Total Resources		148,304		154,829		157,397		2,568
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)								
Legislative		4,780		3,800		3,994		(194)
General Government								, ,
President		900		1,023		980		43
Elections		-		32		•		32
Accounting Department		2,500		3,000		1,148		1,852
Attorney		1,500		800		=		800
Clerk		7,100		6,800		6,741		59
Treasurer		5,000		5,000		5,107		(107)
Buildings and Grounds		16,700		16,700		15,368		1,332
Community Center		17,100		17,100		14,773		2,327
Cemetary		8,200		9,100		11,105		(2,005)
Public Safety								
Police		14,400		35,800		37,255		(1,455)
Fire		7,000		7,000		7,500		(500)
Planning and Zoning		1,400		1,400		747		653
Public Works								
Street Lighting		8,710		8,710		9,148		(438)
Streets and Highways		6,600		6,600		-		6,600
Recreational and Cultural								
Parks		9,650		9,650		8,995		655
Other								
Insurance, Bonds and Fringes		12,000		12,300		14,067		(1,767)
Debt Service		8,912		8,912		8,912		,
Capital Outlay		5,088		1,988		1,796		192
Total Charges to Appropriations		137,540		155,715		147,636		8,079

## VILLAGE OF FREEPORT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

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		IGINAL JDGET		IENDED JDGET	A	CTUAL	WITH	RIANCE AMENDED UDGET
Excess of Resources Over (Under) Appropriations		10,764	<u> </u>	(886)		9,761		10,647
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Fixed Assets	******	<u>-</u>		2,000		2,346		346
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	-		2,000		2,346		346
Excess of Resources and Other Sources Over (Under) Appropriations and Other Uses		10,764		1,11 <u>4</u>	<u></u>	12,107		10,993
Budgetary Fund Balance - February 29, 2008	\$	55,660	\$	46,010	\$	57,003	<u>\$</u>	10,993

## VILLAGE OF FREEPORT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR STREET FUND For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

		RIGINAL UDGET	 MENDED UDGET	A	CTUAL	WITH	RIANCE AMENDED JDGET
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$	55,196	\$ 55,196	\$	55,196	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)							
State Grants		35,700	38,000		38,268		268
Interest and Rentals		415	 450		721		271
Total Resources		36,115	 38,450	<del></del>	38,989		539
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)							
Public Works							
Street Administration					864		
Street Routine Maintenance					36,672		
Street Winter Maintenance					3,123		
Sidewalk Replacement					353		
Traffic Services					67		
Insurance and Bonds					456		
Total Charges to Appropriations	*******	29,860	 31,000		41,535		(10,535)
Excess of Resources Over							
(Under) Appropriations		6,255	 7,450		(2,546)	******	(9,996)
Budgetary Fund Balance -							
February 29, 2008	\$	61,451	\$ 62,646	\$	52,650	\$	(9,996)

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LOCAL STREET FUND For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

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	RIGINAL UDGET		IENDED UDGET	A	CTUAL	WITH.	RIANCE AMENDED JDGET
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$ 20,011	\$	20,011	\$	20,011	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)							
State Grants	10,850		10,850		11,628		778
Interest and Rentals	 215		235	<del></del>	257		22
Total Resources	 11,065		11,085		11,885		800
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)							
Public Works							
Street Administration					258		
Street Routine Maintenance					14,756		
Street Winter Maintenance					2,912		
Traffic Services					-		
Insurance and Bonds					136		
Total Charges to Appropriations	 14,200	<del></del>	41,883		18,062		23,821
Excess of Resources Over							
(Under) Appropriations	 (3,135)		(30,798)		(6,177)		24,621
Budgetary Fund Balance -							
February 29, 2008	\$ 16,876	\$	(10,787)	\$	13,834	\$	24,621

# VILLAGE OF FREEPORT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET	
Taxes and Penalties Property Taxes Collection Fees			\$ 75,248 770		
Total Taxes and Penalties	\$ 64,378	\$ 73,578	76,018	\$ 2,440	
Licenses and Permits Building Permits Liquor License Refund			75 601		
Total Licenses and Permits	700	700	676	(24)	
State Grants State Revenue Sharing: Sales Tax			38,577		
Total State Grants	39,600	39,600	38,577	(1,023)	
Charges for Services Cemetary Foundations Cemetary Grave Openings Sale of Cemetary Lots Total Charges for Services	3,240	3,340	548 3,460 600 4,608	1,268	
Interest and Rentals Interest Rentals Total Interest and Rentals	22,586	18,911	1,494 6,645 8,139	(10,772)	
Other Revenue Miscellaneous Refunds and Rebates Equipment Rental Donations Total Other Revenue	17,800	18,700	3,672 3,008 6,879 15,820 29,379	10,679	
Total Revenues	148,304	154,829	157,397	2,568	

# VILLAGE OF FREEPORT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

EXPENDITURES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
Legislative:			0.444	
Salaries - Village Council			3,114	
Payroll Taxes			260 <b>7</b> 9	
Transportation				
Memberships and Dues			140	
Printing and Publishing			401	
Total Legislative	4,780	3,800	3,994	(194)
General Government:				
Village President:				
Salary			900	
Payroll Taxes			80	
Total Village President	900	1,023	980	43
Elections	-	32	-	32
Accounting Department:				
Contractual Services			1,148	
Total Accounting Department	2,500	3,000	1,148	1,852
Attorney	1,500	800	-	800
Village Clerk:				
Salary			4,140	
Payroll Taxes			290	
Supplies			336	
Office Supplies and Postage			850	
Memberships and Dues			681	
Telephone			444	
Total Village Clerk	7,100	6,800	6,741	59
_				
Treasurer:			4.000	
Salary			4,026	
Payroll Taxes			306	
Office Supplies and Postage			433	
Memberships and Dues			335	
Miscellaneous	F 000	E 000	<u>7</u>	/4 A=1
Total Treasurer	5,000	5,000	5,107	(107)

### VILLAGE OF FREEPORT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

EXPENDITURES (Continued)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
General Government (Continued):				
Buildings and Grounds:				
Wages			9,484	
Payroll Taxes			492	
Membership Dues			60	
Uniforms			146	
Supplies			62	
Maintenance and Repairs			393	
Utilities			4,656	
Miscellaneous			75	
Total Buildings and Grounds	16,700	16,700	15,368	1,332
Community Center:				
Salaries			2,988	
Payroll Taxes			245	
Supplies			312	
Maintenance and Repairs			1,650	
Utilities			9,228	
Miscellaneous			350	
Capital Outlay			1,796	
Total Community Center	22,188	19,088	16,569	2,519
Cemetery:				
Salary			5,621	
Payroll Taxes			465	
Supplies			455	
Gas and Oil			489	
Maintenance and Repairs			394	
Miscellaneous			3,681	
Total Cemetery	8,200	9,100	<u>11,105</u>	(2,005)
Total General Government	64,088	61,543	57,018	4,525
Public Safety:				
Police:				
Salaries and Wages			28,428	
Payroll Taxes			1,636	
Fringes			3,705	
Supplies			15	
Telephone			855	
Gas and Oil			1,368	
Maintenance and Repairs			618	
Printing and Publishing			7	
Memberships and Dues			509	
Miscellaneous			<u> 114</u>	
Total Police	14,400	35,800	37,255	(1,455)

# VILLAGE OF FREEPORT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

EXPENDITURES (Continued)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
Public Safety (Continued):				
Fire:				
Hydrant Rental			7,500	
Total Fire	7,000	7,000	7,500	(500)
Planning and Zoning:				
Planning Board Wages			600	
Payroll Taxes			54	
Printing and Publishing			58	
Memberships and Dues			35	
Total Planning and Zoning	1,400	1,400	747	653
Total Public Safety	22,800	44,200	45,502	(1,302)
Public Works:				
Street Lighting:				
Utilities			9,148	
Total Street Lighting	8,710	8,710	9,148	(438)
Streets and Highways:				
Contractual Services				
Total Streets and Highways	6,600	6,600	<del></del>	6,600
Total Public Works	15,310	15,310	9,148	6,162
Recreation and Cultural:				
Parks:				
Wages			4,801	
Payroll Taxes			415	
Supplies			435	
Utilities			1,104	
Maintenance and Repairs			1,206	
Gas and Oil			479	
Contractual Services			468	
Printing and Publishing			87	
Total Parks	23,650	20,650	8,995	11,655
Total Recreation and Cultural	23,650	20,650	8,995	11,655

# VILLAGE OF FREEPORT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended February 29, 2008

EXPENDITURES (Continued)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
Other:				
Insurance, Bonds and Fringes:				
Multi-Peril Insurance			14,067	
Total Insurance, Bonds and Fringes	12,000	12,300	14,067	(1,767)
Total Other	12,000	12,300	14,067	(1,767)
Debt Service:				
Prinicpal			8,912	
Interest			<del>_</del>	
Total Debt Service	8,912	8,912	<u>8,912</u>	
Total Expenditures	151,540	166,715	147,636	19,079
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,236)	(11,886)	9,761	21,647
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Fixed Assets		2,000	2,346	346
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,000	2,346	346
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources	Over			
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(3,236)	(9,886)	12,107	21,993
Fund Balance-March 1, 2007	44,896	44,896	44,896	
Fund Balance-February 29, 2008	\$ 41,660	\$ 35,010	\$ 57,003	\$ 21,993



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### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Village Council Village of Freeport Barry County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Freeport, as of and for the year ended February 29, 2008, which collectively comprise Village of Freeport's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Freeport's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial date reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Village's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses.

• The Village does not have the technical expertise to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, including procedures to record revenue and expenditure accruals, changes in capital assets, and to present required financial statement disclosures. Currently, the Village contracts with Walker, Fluke & Sheldon, PLC to prepare the financial statements and assist with accrual entries.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed testes of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our

audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of trustees of Village of Freeport and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hastings, MI June 5, 2008 Wasker, Frank & Shilden, PLC



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To the Village Council Village of Freeport Barry County, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Freeport as of and for the year ended February 29, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Village of Freeport's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial date reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses.

• The Village does not have the technical expertise to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, including procedures to record revenue and expenditure accruals, changes in capital assets, and to present required financial statement disclosures. Currently, the Village contracts with Walker, Fluke & Sheldon, PLC to prepare the financial statements and assist with accrual entries.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of trustees of Village of Freeport and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hastings, MI June 5, 2008 Walker Funke & Smilder PLC

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June 5, 2008

To the Village Council Village of Freeport Barry County, Michigan

We have recently completed an audit of the financial statements of the Village of Freeport, Barry County, Michigan for the year ended February 29, 2008. During the course of the audit the following items came to our attention, which require further comment.

#### **Budgets should be Adopted for Expenditure Accounts**

During the course of the audit, it was noted that the Village is not budgeting for the special revenue funds (Major Streets and Local Streets) various expenditure activity accounts.

P.A. 621, 1978 requires governmental units to prepare annual budgets containing an itemized statement for its proposed expenditures and estimated revenues, covering all its departments and activities. The budget for expenditures of the Village should be a detailed estimate of all anticipated expenses of the Village from major sources per the Uniform Chart of Accounts for Local Units of Government.

It is recommended that the Village prepare and approve annual budgets containing detailed revenues by major source and proposed expenditures by activity. The typical activities of the Village's street funds are: Administration, Routine Maintenance, Winter Maintenance, Traffic Services and Insurance and Bonds.

#### **Budgets Should Be Reviewed On A Periodic Basis**

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 17, provides that a local unit should amend the expenditures budget when it appears that the budgeted revenues will be less than anticipated expenditures. In addition, Section 18 provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

During the year ended February 29, 2008, the Village over expended in several areas. The Village currently monitors the budget and does amend the budget from time to time and will continue to do so. In addition, consideration should be taken prior to year-end for typical audit adjustments and amend the budget accordingly. The approved budget and all amended budgets should become a permanent part of the board minutes.

#### **Quarterly Transfers To Bond Interest And Redemption Account**

During the audit, it was noted that the required quarterly transfers to the bond and interest redemption account are not being made in accordance with the bond ordinance for the Water Revenue Bonds series 2005. The Village is currently making the transfers biannually as the principal and interest payments are due. Also, the water hydrant rental fee from the general fund to the water fund is not being deposited in accordance with the Village Share Bonds, Series 2005. This is a repeat comment from prior years.

According to the bond ordinance for the Water Revenue Bonds Series 2005 (\$850,000), "there shall be set aside, quarterly on the first day of each March, June, September and December, commencing September 1, 2005, and deposited in the Bond and Interest Redemption Fund (Redemption Fund), for payment of principal and interest on the Bonds, a sum equal to at least

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one-half of the amount of the interest due on the next ensuing interest payment date plus not less than one-quarter of the principal maturing on the next ensuing principal payment date each year."

According to the bond ordinance for the Village Share Bonds, Series 2005(\$60,000), "the Village shall not less often than annually transfer to the Debt Service Fund funds sufficient to pay the principal of the and interest on the Bonds when due. It is the intent of the Village to pay the principal and interest due each year on the Bonds from the public fire hydrant rentals which the Village is obligated to pay form its General Fund in accordance with the Village Water Connection, Use and Rate Ordinance." In addition, "any excess public fire hydrant rental remaining after payment of principal and interest due each year on the Bonds have been pledged for repayment of the Series 2005 Water Revenue Bonds". These amounts should be transferred to the Bond and Interest Redemption Fund (Redemption Fund), for payment of principal and interest on the Water Revenue Bonds Series 2005.

It is recommended that the Village of Freeport follow the required transfer schedule in accordance with the bond ordinances. A flow chart of the required transfer dates and amounts could be a useful tool and is highly recommended. Any deficiency in the amount required to be set aside, should be added to the next quarterly requirement.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the Village of Freeport Clerk and Treasurer for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during the audit. If you have any questions or need assistance, do not hesitate to contact us.

Warker, Furse & Shilden, PLC